When Frof. Munyon says his DYSFER-BIA CURE will cure indigestion and all forms of stomach trouble he simply tells the truth. It will cure a stomach that has been abused by over-sating and over-drinking. It will cure a stomach that has been weakened by old-style drugs and asbilitating catharties. It will do much toward making an old stomach act like a sound one. At all druggists, 55 cents, Fifty-six other cures, Write to Broadway and 28th Sts., New York, for free medical advice.

The Kaw Valley Brand

Mince Meat

Chas. Wolff Packing Co.

is made of the very best, and strictly pure and healthful ingredients. Your grocer keeps it-buy some. It will make the best MINCE PIES you ever tasted.

50000000000000000000000

Why suffer the pangs of rheumatism

KOHL'S RHEUMATIC CURE

gives quick relief and permanent cure.

All Druggists.

Cures a Cough or Cold at once, ers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, and Consumption. Quick, sure results, Ill's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

Christmas and New Year Holidays 1900-1901, Special Excursion Rates Have Been Made Between Points on the

For dates on which tickets will be sold and full information, call on F. A. Lewis, City Ticket Agent; J. C.Ful-TON, Depot Agent.

ASH PIT DOORS.



2nd and Jackson Street.

FREE ELECTRIC BELT OFFER WINTERSATEREE WEARING
TRIAL IN YOUR OWN DOTTER, WE FURTHER THE WEARING THE HALL IN YOUR OWN DOTTER, WE FURTHER THE WEARING THE HALL IN THE WEARING MATTERSAT.

TO ANY TOMAGET OF LITTE PROPERTY OF ANY TOWAGET OF LITTE PROPERTY OF ANY TOWAGET AND THE WEARING THE TOWAGE AND THE WEARING AND SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago,

"I see that Mrs. Blifkins has negro ip now." "Has she""

"Yes; she got so tired of having people ask her if her hired girls were related to the family"—Cieveland Plain Dealer.
Wrest—Tell you, friend, the rich has

their troubles.

Dawson-Bet your life I do. Onst
when I had two pairs of pants I found
the labor of changin' things from one
set of pockets to the other set of pockets
almost more'n I could stand.—Indianapolis Press.

When you need a soothing and healing untimptle application for any purpose, use the original De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, a well known cure for piles and skin diseases. It heals sores without leaving a sear. Beware of counterfeits. At all drug atores.

Holiday Excursions via Santa Fe Route

Tickets on sale to points within 200 miles went of Missouri river. One fare for round trip. Tickets on sale Dec. 22, 28, 24, 25 and 31, 1900, Jan. 1, final limit Jan. 2.

Prepare for the Grand Canon lecture at the First Christian church, January 4, by reading about it. Illustrated book-let frue at the Santa Fe offices.

KANSAS LEADS.

Has Highest Per Cent of Enrolled Pupils.

New York, Dec. 27 .- A special to the Herald from Washington says: Expenditures for school purposes in New York last year amounted to \$28,-52,365, and while this was a larger sum than was expended by any other state

than was expended by any other state, it was only \$4.03 per capita, while Massachusetts spent \$5.07 per capita, Nevada \$4.96 and California \$4.09. The smallest per capita expenditure in any state was in North Carolina, where it amounted to 55 cents.

Although having a larger population, New York falls behind Pennsylvania in the number of pupils enrolled, the enrollment for Pennsylvania being 1,186,146 against 1,179,351 for New York. The percentage of pupils enrolled to population in New York is 16.94, while in Pennsylvania it is 18.76. The highest percentage of school enrollment to population is in Kansas, where it is 27.87.

Iowa makes one of the best showings. The total school enrollment in that state is 654,992, or 26.42 per cent. of the population, and the percentage of teachers to pupils is larger than in any other state, there being 23,694 teachers, against 28,828 in Pennsylvania and 33,902 in New York, to teach approximately twice the number of pupils in each case as in lower. umber of pupils in each case as in

ST. LOUIS JOBBERS

Complain Because of Partiality Shown New York on Freight Rates.

New York, Dec. 27 .- A dispatch to the Journal of Commerce from Washington,

The interstate commerce commission will render as early a decision as possible on the important cases before them in regard to the difference in charges on carload lots and on fractions of a car-

carload lots and on fractions of a carload. The case has been postponed until April 15 when the final testimony will be taken. It is expected that the arguments will immediately follow and that the issues involved can then be taken up by the commission. The case has attracted widespread attention among railway men and shippers because of the novel points involved.

The issue is made principally by a leading hardware company of St. Louis, but has the support of the "Business Men's league of St. Louis." It involves a considerable class of hardware and grocery shipments, in which St. Louis firms, and with the jobbers on the Pacific coast. The main contention of the St. Louis shippers is that there should not be so wide a difference as at present between rates on carload lots of their goods and smaller lots. The difference against in some cases to nearly

their goods and smaller lots. The difference amounts in some cases to nearly 100 per cent—the rate per 100 pounds in small lots amounting to nearly twice the rate on carload lots.

The freight rates between the two oceans are involved, because of the uniformity of rate on carload lots from New York to San Francisco and from St. Louis to SanFrancisco. The remarkable fact that the New York rate is no higher than the St. Louis rate, in spite of the thousand miles or more of difference in distance, is due to the water competition around Cape Horn.

The complaint is made by St. Louis shippers that they cannot ship retall coesignments to patrons in the Rocky Mountain district so cheaply as carload lots can be shipped to San Francisco jobbers, and shipped by them east in small lots to their local patrons. This gives the New York shippers, according to the St. Louis line of argument, a distinct advantage.

FIRE AT NICKERSON. Several Buildings Destroyed Along Main Street.

Nickerson, Dec. 27.-Nickerson had a bot and damaging fire Wednesday. It is believed that the first building was set on fire, but there is no clue as to who some baled hay on the outside of L. R. Heath's feed store on the east side of

Main street.

From Heath's building it spread to Chas. Ritcha's feed store and the building occupied by Art Davis' barber shop. These three buildings were almost en-

South of Heath's the Odd Fellows' hall was damaged from \$500 to \$1,000 and the billiard hall was almost completely ru-

ONE WHO ESCAPED.

A Catholic Priest Who Went Through the Boxer Troubles.

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 27.-Rev. Father John Welg, a Catholic missionary, who went through the recent boxer troubles in China and escaped after a series of desperate experiences, is in series of desperate experiences, is in San Francisco on the way to his former home in Bavaria. He was stationed in southern Shan Tung, and starty native viliages were under his charge. When the boxers began their campaign he received a peremptory order to get out of the country. He decided to make his way to Klao Chou, and started for the grand canal. He was accompanied by one native servant and the native head man gave him protection until he reached the canal. He secured a small junk and at once embarked on his long reached the canal. He secured a small junk and at once embarked on his long journey. He had not gone far before he tell into the hands of boxers, who robbed him of his clothing and money. He was then attacked with typhoid fever and while desperately sick fell into the hands of a second band of boxers. They threatened to bind him up and deliver him over to the authorities, but finally permitted him to go.

MILLIONAIRE CHANLER Eludes Asylum Officials and Will Not Return.

New York, Dec. 27.-The Times says: There is every reason to believe now that John Armstrong Chanler, the millionaire, who escaped from Blooming-date asylum at White Plains on Novem-ber 28 last, never intends to return to that institution. Samuel B. Lyons, sup-eriatendent of Bloomingdale, said last night that he firmly believes that Chan-

night that he firmly believes that Chanier has gone for good.

"I believe," said he, "that Mr. Chanler is waiting for a month to expire so
he will be a free man, and that he is
hiding with friends. At the expiration
of a month after the time a patient
leaves an asylum, under the state lunacy
law he cannot be brought back."

It was learned last night that Mr.
Chanler always believed his relatives
were his enemies, and for that reason
the general opinion is that he has gone
to West Virginia where he owns a large
stock farm. He often talked of going
there and living a quiet life.

"Cure the cough and save the Mfe."

"Cure the cough and save the life."
Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

Everybody reads the State Journal.

SLOAN WAS TOO FRESH.

Tried to Break Into English Society Says Earl of Clonmel.

Residence of Clonmel.

New York, Dec. 27.—Many New York turfmen discussed the case of Tod Sloan, it being brought into prominence again by his riding Vessuvian at the Tanferan track, California, on Christmas day.

The fact that Sloan's license is not revoked is generally accepted as the real reason why the Tanferan authorities permitted him to ride, and there is no doubt that had Sloan accepted a mount on an American or English jockey club course he would have been allowed to fulfill his engagement, but the advisability of so doing is questioned. As a prominent turfman said: "What is Sloan to gain by it? The money he would receive for riding in a few races between now and the first of next year would be so small that it would not enter into the argument. On the other hand the fact that he is riding is a smuch as saying to the English jockey club. I can do as I please this year; your edict does not go into effect until next season."

The Earl of Clonmel, who is a well known turfman and breeder of thoroughbreds, and now in this city, was asked what he thought about the Sloan case. He said: "I think Sloan would have been much wiser to have kept in the background, at any rate for the present and if he behaves himself in a quiet and unostentatious manner for a year, there is no doubt he will be granted a license again. He brought this thing on himself by his manner of living and his barefaced effrontery. It was common talk that Sloan was betting, and if his application for a new license had not been refused something worse would have happened to him. I think he was let off very lightly, and I don't think anything more is meant than a warning. Sloan must learn his place as a jockey if he wants to ride in England again, and I am surprised that he has been tolerated as long as he has."

Foxhall Keene thinks that under the circumstances Sloan did no harm by riding at Tanferan. As his license is not revoked he considers he is in good standing until he applies for a new license and is refused.

Col. Thomas Ochiliree expre

OUR ATTITUDE IN CHINA.

Minister Conger Signs Presented Agreement With Reservations. New York, Dec. 27 .- A special to the

Herald from Washington says: Herald from Washington says:
It has developed that Minister Conger signed the agreement, drafted by the ministers in Pekin and presented to Prince Ching on Monday, with several important reservations. Among these reservations are the following: Rejection of the terms agreed upon by the powers and presented to the Chinese envoys does not bind the United States to join the other powers in resuming hostilities.

The United States is not bound to maintain permanent guards in China or to prevent the importation of arms and ammunition.

to prevent the importation of arms and ammunition.

Other reservations were made by Mr. Conger, but their character will not be made public by Secretary Hay until he receives from the minister the text of the language he employed.

Mr. Conger, of course, acted under instructions in appending to the agreement a statement of the position of the United States. The authorities were apprehensive that the powers, in case of the refusal of China to accede to the demands, would be under the impression that by signing the agreement this government was piedged to enforce compilance with the terms. The president did not propose to be placed in any such position, and he directed Mr. Conger, therefore, to make clear the attitude of the to make clear the attitude of the

ERIE CANAL LOSES

About Half the Grain Transported in 1900 That Was in '99.

New York, Dec. 27.—Official statistics compiled by the New York produce exchange show a marked failing off during the past season in amount of wheat transported to New York by the Eric canal, as compared with last season's traffic. This season about 3.525,000 bushels in 1892. Of the total wheat receipts at this port by rail and canal, the canal carried 3.525,000 bushels, 21,017,980 arriving by rail. In 1890 the wheat receipts by rail were over 23,000,000 bushels. There was a marked increase in the receipts of corn by the canal, the figures for 1900 being 6,199,000 bushels, and for 1899 about 2,300,000 bushels, and for 1899 about 2,300,000 bushels. Oats showed a heavy decline, last year's traffic via the about 2,300,000 bushels. Oats showed a heavy decline, last year's traffic via the canal being 1,828,700 bushels, and in the previous meason over 5,700,000 bushels. In 1839 the total grain receipts at this point, both rail and canal, were over 107,847,000 bushels, while this year's totals up to and including December 22, but not including peas, were only 90,-616,720 bushels. 616,720 bushels.

CUT TO SHREDS.

Italian Victim of a Vendetta Refuses to Tell Who Slashed Him.

Chicago, Dec. 27.—Refusing to disclose the names of the men who attempted to stay him, John Garvorisio, an Italian, lies dying at his home. With his abdomen slashed and gored as though with a blunt stiletto and his shoulder cut in shreds, the wounded man, still conscious but with his life despaired of, refuses absolutely to betray his Italian dend. Mr. White was born in 1812 in this city, and was the youngest son of Jos. Fairchild White of Danbury. Conn. He began his business career when only as youngest son of the men who attempted to stay his business career when only the began his business career

brethren. The case is the most mysterious Italian crime that has come to the police, and it bears every evidence of a vendetta.

The police first learned of the affair through the doctor who had been called to attend the wounded man. Garvorisio while on his way home late Tuesday night met three men, one of whom savagely attacked him with a knife. Garvorisio managed to drag himself home and all night he lay in agony, refusing to summon a doctor. In the morning, he consented, and when advised to go to a hospital refused to be removed.

From Garvorisio's neighbors the police learned that he has for weeks been looking for a man who is said to be the murderer of his cousin in Italy. The murder occurred several years ago, and Garvorisio followed the murderer to Chicago. Lately he is said to have located him. One of the three men whom Garvorisio met on the bridge Tuesday night is believed by the police to be his enemy.

JEWISH HISTORY.

Ninth Annual Session of the Ameri-

can Society.

Philadelphia, Dec. 27.—The ninth annual convention of the American Jewish Historical society was held here last night. Many interesting papers were read among them the following:

"Antonine Montinzos and the theory that the American Indians are the lost ten tribes of Israel," by Max J. Kohler, of New York.

"The early Jewish settlement of Lancaster, Pa.," by Henry Necarsulmer, of New York.

"The history of the first Russian-American congregation," by J. D. Elzenstein, New York.

"A sketch of the Jews of Georgia prior 10 1800 and a Jewish soldler of the war of 1812," by Leon Huhrer, New York.

"The maytrdom of the family of Don Luis De Carabajai in Mexico at the end of the sixteenth century," by Rev. Geo. A. Khout, New York.

These officers were elected:

President In Course Adler of New President In Course Adler of New Pork.

A. Khout, New York.

These officers were elected:
President, Dr. Cyrus Adler, of New York; vice presidents, Simon W. Rosendale, of New York; Mendez Cohen, of Baltimore; Rev. Dr. B. Feisenthal; corresponding secretary, Dr. Herbert Friedenwald; recording secretary. Max Kohler; treasurer, Prof. Richard Gottheil.

KIPLING LOSES.

Fails to Establish Exclusive Right to His Trademark.

New York, Dec. 27 .- Judge Lacombe in the United States court today denied the motion made by Rudyard Kipling's attorneys to restrain R. F. Fenno, from publishing and selling editions of his works on which an elephant's head was used. Judge Lacombe said that Mr. Kipling had not established a common law trademark, and there was no suggestion of a statutory trademark.

"The proposition advanced," said the court, "is that an author whose mental productions prose, verse and title have

court, "is that an author whose mental productions, prose, verse and title, have been given to the world without copyright, so that any one is free to reprint and sell the whole or any part of them, may nevertheless regulate the manner in which such printed matter may be grouped and entitled, and may restrain any application of the title selected, otherwise than as he used or uses it. It would seem that the measure of relief which authors may obtain against unauthorized publication of their works must be found in the copyright statutes."

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH. Mrs. Mary Kennedy Victim of a Chicago Fire.

Chicago, Dec. 27.-One woman was burned to death and two others and a child were seriously injured in a fire of mysterious origin at 224 West Monroe street. The dead: MRS. MARY KENNNEDY.

The injured: Mrs. Mary Mason, face and body badly burned; may die.

Mrs. Louise Hannon, overcome by smoke; will recover.

Hannon, 9 months old child of

Line to Be Established From New

New York, Dec. 27.-A new steamship service is to be established from New York to South African ports and Calcutta, the new service to be known as the Hansa service. The exact date when the service will start has not been announced but it will be in the near future, and the service will at first probably be monthly.

The boats will leave New York for South Africa, thence to Calcutta and di-rect from the latter port back to New

York.

The Hansa lines include at present some 35 vessels, which ply between Hamburg and Antwerp, and Colombo, Madras, Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi and

New York Pioneer Dead.

lend. Mr. White was born in 1812 in

Mrs. D. O. Mears, of Albany, N. Y., Making Strong Fight For Dress Reform.

Women all over the country are to be approached by Mrs. D. O. Mears, of Albany, N. Y., president of the New York State Assembly of Mothers, with a view to persuading them to adopt short skirts for street wear. Mrs. Mears will start an endless chain by means of which she hopes to reach eventually every woman in the United States.

Constantinople, Dec. 27.-Some Turk-White, an old merchant of this city, and a veteran of the Seventh regiment, is dead. Mr. White was the regiment, is

American Society Meets in 22nd An-

Chicago, Dec. 27.-Leading chemists from all sections of the country assumbled in convention today in the auditori-um of the Lewis institute to attend the bied in convention today in the auditorium of the Lewis institute to attend the twenty-second general annual meeting of the American Chemical society. The meeting was opened by an address by Dr. W. R. Smith, president of the Chicago section, to which William McMurtle of New York, president of the general society, responded. The remainder of the forencon session was devoted to reading a number of scientific papers. Among those who read papers were Arthur W. Palmers, Edward Kremers, C. L. Parsons, J. H. Long and Edward C. Franklin.

The after in was devoted to visits and excurs. Is to various institutions in the city, where chemical investigations were made.

The session tonight will be held at the Auditorium hotel, where the retiring president will deliver an address on "The Condition. Prospects and Future Educational Requirements of the Chemical Industries."

The lecture will be followed by a reception given by the local section to the visiting chemists at the Technical club.

The Friday morning conference will be held at the Northwestern university school, where reports from the retiring officers and committees will be made and the election of president and counciliors will be held.

Evelyn Baldwin Scores Again. London, Dec. 27.—Evelyn B. Baldwin, the arctic explorer, who is arranging for the Baldwin-Zeigler expedition, has purchased the Esquimaux, the largest and staunchest of the whaling fleet, and fitted her with modern appliances and named her the America. The rival bidder was the British antarctic expedition whose organizers desired to secure the Enquimaux as a substitute ship.

Two Noted Editors.

SUITS, JACKETS, FURS.

Very Special Offerings on the Second Floor for the benefit of the visitors this week. Come and make our store your headquarters. You will find a cordial welcome.

Furs, Jackets, Capes, Scarfs and Storm Collars in all the wanted kinds of furs, This has been a poor season for furs. This kind of weather is not fur-selling weather by any means, and we have cut all suggestion of profit off the prices, and if the weather turns cold you will be the gainer.

New Automobile Coats for Ladies, the swellest coat of the year. The \$35 Automobile will be \$25. The \$25 Automobile will be \$17.50.

Jackets for Ladies, of fine Venetian Cloth, satin lined, velvet collar, strictly modern styles; bought to sell at \$10, and well worth it; you can buy them today at \$5.00

Tailor-Made Suits all greatly reduced in price. These are fine, strictly man-tailored Suits from the very best imported models. Of course the assortment is not complete, but you are pretty likely to find something to please you among them, and if you do, the saving will be as much as \$10 to \$15 on the higher numbers.

Walking Skirts all marked down. \$5.00 Walking Skirts for \$3.75. \$7.50 Walking Skirts for \$5 \$10.00 Walking Skirts for \$7.50 and \$6.75.

THE BATTLES OF NATURE.

IFrom the Contemporary Review.]

We read the tablets of long ago which the geologist has deciphered for us, and we find them an endless story of battles. The successful species which occupy the great geological horizons have come out of great tribulation. The trilohites and stone illies of the silurian period, the gigantic club-moss and fluted sigiliarians of the coal age and the enormous ammonites of the furassic and chalk epochs, the mighty elephants and majestic deer forms of the tertiary era, are magnates of the times and masterpieces of the struggle. They had been redeemed at a great price, even of a thousand species and tens of thousands of individuals, who fell short of the typical fitness and were killed out. These magnates, each in its turn, were pioneers of progress, like the scouts of a great army, and were caught in a physiological ambush.

The pedigree of the horse, in the most recent past, has been made out, traced, shall we say, for a hundred thousand years before man came on the scene (for Lord Kelvin has asked the geologist to hurry up and not be too lavish with time, or we should have said 250.00 years before man. The fleetness, grace, strength of the horse are owing to his ability to walk on one toe, to which have been correlated the wonderful instincts by which he has become the partner of man in his industries and struggles. He has been derived in almost a strict gradation from the two-toed, four-toed and nive-toed ancestors, which flourished in the ages which preceded man. Myrlads of individuals, and

SHARP DEMANDS.

Follow Maltreatment of British Official by Turkish Soldiers.

sh soldiers have grossly assaulted and maltreated the British charge d'affaires. Mr De Runsen and other members of the British embassy, in the vicinity of

CHEMISTS CONVENE.

nual Session.

New York, Dec. 27.—Joseph Pulltzer, proprietor of the New York World, and A. C. Harmsworth, proprietor of the London Daily Mail, were passengers on board the steamer Teutonic, which arrived here today from Liverpool.

MAINE'S NOTED OUTLAW.

[Lewiston Cor. of Boston Advertiser.] George Washington Jones, of North Waldoboro, in Lincoln county, is by all odds the most picturesque figure in the

state just at present.

George has gone into business as an outlaw. He is attending right to it steadily, and so far he has met with entire success. He is standing off the high sheriff and deputies and all the constabulary of the county of Lincoln, and appears to be doing it with comparative ease. He has won the sobriquet of "The Terror of the Woods." When his neighbors see him coming they discreetly step to one side. There are various suspicions as to what might happen to the private citizen who would tackie, trip or triffe with G. W. Jones while he is engaged in the outlaw business. As to what Jones can be expected to do to officers who chance to run against him he has already shown. There are half a dozen black eyes and sore shins scattered around among Lincoln's constabulary as the result of getting up against Outlaw Jones. state just at present. to one side. There are various suspicions as to what might happen to the private citizen who would tackie, trip or trifle with G. W. Jones while he is engaged in the outlaw business. As to what Jones can be expected to do to officers who chance to run against him he has already shown. There are half a dozen black eyes and sore shins scattored around among Lincoln's constabulary as the result of getting up against Outlaw Jones.

The Terror of the Woods stands six feet four inches in his stockings and is "big 'cordin' tew." He isn't exactly a victous man nor as bloodthirsty one. He doesn't yearn to slaughter any one, but

given in Lincoln county, even in outlaws. Therefore complaint was lodged against. Mr. Jones, A constable went to arrest him. George Washington Jones cuffed the constable and sent him home. The constable reported and resigned, and a higger constable was sent. George Washington Jones had more of a job cuffing this second emissary, but the outling was administered.

The high sheriff of the county was notified. He sent one of his deputies. The deputy had a rough and tumble with the recalcitrant George. George licked him. This matter was reported

that Maine will have an outlaw all licked him. This matter was reported to the sheriff, and he came himself and brought several deputies. One of the deputies located George. This deputy had preceded the rest and was alone. He lacked discretion. He should have

called his fellows and planned a mass attack on the outlaw. But he tackled Jones single handed. He explained to the Terror of the Woods that others were right at hand and that he might as well give up. But Jones made at him like a wild buil, and, besides black-ing his even and targing him were week.

him like a wild bull, and, besides blacking his eyes and jarring him very much, indeed, tore about all the clothes off the officer. When the sheriff came up the deputy was in a very bad shape, indeed, and looked as though he had been out in the line gale.

A descent was made in force on the outlaw's house, but he had escaped to the woods. He has been there ever since. Jones' bouse is near the edge of the forest, and so he is able to make consional visits to his abode. On these trips he gets more food, and his wife

big cordin' lew." He isn't exactly a vicious man nor a bloodthirsty one. He doesn't yearn to slaughter any one, but he is determined to resist arrest.

Some months ago it was discovered that George Washington Jones was levying altogether too freely and indiscriminately or the flocks and fodder of his neighbors. It had been known in the community for a long time that Mr. Jones wasn't as careful as he should be about property rights. At last several flagrant thefts androbberies were traced to him. He insisted in his conversation with several parties who went to him to him to steal.

Long immunity had made Jones both bold and a braggart. At last his talk grew a little too strong for even the tolerant folks of Lincoln, who were willing to see an outlaw do well if he doesn't get too uppish. But uppishness len't forgiven in Lincoln country, even in outlaws. Therefore complaint was lodged against.

Mr. Jones A. consisted was discovered the woods and store in the lower that they would make no mans at that time and so retired.

At another time the officers were in the house while Jones was upstairs, but the will and to them so terrificully that they didn't venture up. They wanted no serious trouble with Mr. Jones They wanted to them so terrificully that they didn't venture up. They wanted no serious trouble with Mr. Jones have had a pitched but the officers were in the house to the other. The officers were in the house they didn't venture up. They wanted no serious trouble with Mr. Jones have had a pitched but they didn't venture up. They wanted no serious trouble with Mr. Jones have had a pitched but they didn't venture up. They wanted no serious trouble with Mr. Jones was upstairs, but the business they didn't venture up. They wanted no serious trouble with Mr. Jones have had a pitched but they didn't venture up. They wanted no serious trouble with Mr. Jones was upstairs, but the business they didn't venture up. They wanted no serious trouble with Mr. Jones have had a pitched to them so terrificully hat the business t

until the crops are sold and the hens sent to market, gainst Jones has a cave in the woods, and stays there part of the time. He also dodges around from one logging camp too well to go very far away, and he shows up pretty regularly to get fresh a Job t the was up pretty regularly to get fresh doughnuts and a new supply of cream o' tartar biscuits. Therefore the officers are laying plans to capture him at home without any one getting hurt. But as the Terror of the Woods is crafty himself, thank you, the chances seem to be that Maine will have an outlaw all winter.

Commence the New Century with us ~

OUR CO-OPERATIVE SYSTEM

interests every employe to produce the Best Work and Service possible.

We'll attempt to please you.

Topeka Laundry Co.

(CO-OPERATIVE)